

THE NEW NORTH.

VOLUME 15, NO. 32.

RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, SEPT. 30, 1897.

TERMS—\$1.50 IN ADVANCE

Buy your Dry Goods, Groceries,
Hats, Caps, Shoes and
Furnishings at

FENELON'S

We handle everything and
our prices are right.

We have Boys' Sweaters in Blk & Blue for 48c.
Extra Heavy all wool ass't col. 98c.
Men's Sweaters, all wool, black & blue for 98c.
" " " " assorted colors " \$1.20
" " " " very best " 1.48

Compare quality and get prices.
We are always glad to show you our
line and quote prices. It pleases us
to please you.

C. M. & W. W. FENELON
Cor. Brown and Davenport Streets.

NEW GOODS!

This week we are again unpacking new goods. In this manner we keep the ball rolling. We believe in buying often rather than heavy once or twice a year. It gives us the pleasure of showing you something new every time you come in, at the same time keeping the stock new and clean.

If you buy of us you are sure of getting goods that do not smell musty, nor are they half worn out with the whisk broom.

The balmy days are row over and you soon will be looking for warm goods.

We are bidding for your trade, not by baits, but by offering you a new stock of clean goods in all departments, at prices that are right and that no dealer can go below providing it is the same quality.

Buy your Dress Goods, Shawls, Cloaks, Blankets, Flannels, Yarns, Hosiery and Shoes, whether for Man, Woman or Child, here.

By so doing you are sure of receiving 100 cents worth of goods for your dollar.

Cash Department Store,

312, 314, 316 Brown Street,
Rhinelander, - Wisconsin.

Art Dennis at the Cash Department Store.

The chess club will meet Friday at Dr. Hinman's office.

Big line of outing flannels at the Cash Department Store.

W. E. Brown returned from Lancaster Wednesday evening.

H. P. Gifford was up from Wausau to spend Sunday with his family.

W. E. Fessenden, of Three Lakes, was in the city on business last week.

P. P. Stoltzman returned Sunday night from an extended business trip in Chicago.

Have you seen the "Princess" mackintosh sold at the Cash Department Store.

J. Voelker and D. Walterbach, of Marshfield, were visitors here the first of the week.

P. H. Denney and R. Clark, of Tomahawk Lake, were down to the city on business Tuesday.

Miss Lillian Combs, of Tomahawk Lake, visited several departments in the city schools Monday.

Do not forget the Henderson corset when in need of one. Sold only at the Cash Department Store.

Dan Williams, of Minneapolis, a "Soo" line freight brakeman, spent the first of the week in Rhinelander.

Mrs. G. H. Clark and Mrs. W. W. Fenelon entertained a large number of ladies, last Friday afternoon, from 3 to 5.

Mrs. P. H. Germond is now ready to remodel and repair fur garments. Up stairs, next building south of Bronson's. It-524-021

F. A. Goolsby, shipping clerk at the North-Western depot, left Tuesday night for a two weeks' visit in Minneapolis.

Frank Timlin left Friday for Kilbourn City, where he visited with his mother and sister, prior to their departure for the East.

Miss Sannie Welsby, who has been visiting her friend, Mrs. John Collins for the past month, left for her home at Stevens Point this morning.

J. D. Day left for Millbank, S. D., Monday night to look after the farming interests of Day & Daniels, which are quite extensive in that locality.

Mrs. J. G. Dunn and Mrs. Geo. Whitney returned from Chicago Monday, where they had been for a couple of weeks buying their fall stock of millinery.

Mrs. James M. Enstrom and little son arrived here from Marinette Monday for a visit with her husband, who is publisher of the Swedish weekly.

Rev. Geo. H. Kemp spent a portion of last week at Ripon in attendance at the state convention of Congregational churches, which was held there from Sept. 20 to 24 inclusive.

F. A. Given and Oscar Edwards caught a twelve pound muskallonge while making a trip down the Wisconsin Sunday in a birch bark canoe. The fish severely lacerated Mr. Given's hand before he landed it in the boat.

Wm. Allen and Louie Schlect, two plane and estimators from Wausau, arrived here Monday to estimate and appraise the value of the old Duncan McGregor tract of timber, near Hebard and Jennie Webber Lake.

A. E. Heidman, an experienced furnishing goods salesman, from Appleton, arrived in the city Tuesday, to take a position in the store of Irvin Gray. Mr. Heidman comes well recommended, having formerly been employed in Spalding & Son's big establishment.

The assessment roll for the City of Rhinelander will be open for inspection at the City Clerk's office Monday, Oct. 4. The Board will be in session at 9 o'clock a. m., prepared to hear all communications bearing on the matters in hand.

The regular monthly meeting of the Congregational Ladies Aid Society will be held at the church parlors next Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 6. It is desired that every member of the society, and each contributor to the society's fund, be present.

Lumbermen in this section are doing a splendid business. Not for years have there been so plentiful as they are now. The only difficulty seems to be in getting cars from the railroad companies, the big increase in business all over the country making them very scarce.

W. A. Glew, of Muskegon, Mich., has accepted a position with the Wabash Screen Door Co., as stenographer. Mr. Glew is a man of wide experience, having served for twelve years at the business, part of the time as court reporter, a position requiring the very best of qualifications.

C. C. Bronson & Co. are now nicely located in their new quarters in the old Merchants State Bank building, on Brown street. The new location in point of appearance, is decidedly in advance of the old. The office of the American Express Company occupies the rear end of the building, having been moved from the Davenport street location last week.

John Whitney, of Peshtigo, was in the city Sunday for a visit with his son, George, who came down from Arbor Vitae to meet him. Mr. Whitney is an expert founder and machinist and has been engaged in the business for almost fifty years having owned and operated a machine shop at Fort Howard, this state in 1849. He returned to Peshtigo Tuesday.

S. B. Wells, a resident of this city, had a finger so badly crushed that amputation was necessary, last Friday. He was assisting in lowering a length of water main in the trench under the North-Western tracks and in some way his finger was caught between the derrick and the pipe, badly crushing it. Dr. Daniels severed the injured member.

An impromptu dance, gotten up Tuesday evening by Henry O'Connor and several young men of the town was a most pleasant event and was enjoyed by all who attended. Negligé costumes were the order and the freedom of action incident to the wearing of soft shirts on the part of the boys in attendance made the dance pass off in a lively and spirited manner.

Bridge Contractor E. A. Simpson, of Appleton, is at work on the new North-Western bridge, building over the Wisconsin river, with a crew of twenty-five men. The new bridge is to be a substantial one and will be constructed of the best of material. The stone abutments and piers for the span are now being placed in position.

At the Methodist conference held in Marinette Monday the following assignments were made which will doubtless be of interest to the readers of this paper: Rev. S. A. Sheard, who has presided at the M. E. church here for the past two years, will have charge of the church at Brandon, in the Fond du Lac district. Rev. R. S. Ingraham was appointed to the church in this city and Rev. D. C. Savage to the Peshtigo church.

The high school foot ball team and the regular eleven will play a match game at the fair grounds Saturday afternoon, an admission fee of fifteen cents being charged for spectators. The high school heavy weights have been putting in their best licks lately and each and every member carries a lump of confidence with him as big as the ball. They intend to instill into the minds of the big men of brawn and muscle that it isn't necessary to import a team from the southern part of the state when they want a game.

A large audience assembled at St. Mary's church Sunday evening to hear Bishop Messmer, of Green Bay, lecture on "Marriage and Divorce." The Bishop is a forcible speaker and plainly stated his position on both subjects to the satisfaction of his hearers. After the lecture he remarked that the report regarding the removal from this parish of Rev. Fr. Hugenroth was without foundation and that it had evidently originated from the fact that a priest had been asked for by the Sisters at St. Mary's Hospital, Rev. Fr. Gillman, of Coleman, Wis., having recently been assigned a position in that institution.

M. Marquardt was startled last Thursday afternoon while at work in his cigar store by having a partridge fly in through the open door. The bird in its flight had come in contact with one of the electric light wires in front of the building and dropped in front of the door through which it endeavored to reach the open air by way of a rear window. At this stage of affairs Mr. Marquardt took a hand, and as a result of his action the partridge was served for supper. Mr. Marquardt insists that the delicate aroma arising from the tobacco he uses in the manufacture of fine cigars was responsible for the occurrence, supper and all.

It is Not Often

that a store advertises its lining department. It is generally understood that about the easiest thing in a store to sell is Dress Linings and Furnishings. People don't buy them on suggestion or to lay away for future use. They buy them when they need them and at no other time. So what we would like to impress on your mind is that when you need linings you will find the most complete Dress Lining Department in town at

GRAY'S.

We have put in Goldards & Sons' linings from "start to finish." They are the manufacturers of the famous "Midnight Fast Black" Lining, and from the cheapest to the best we guarantee every black to be FAST BLACK.

We have in stock the following:

Canvases in Gray, Black, Brown and Natural at 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c.

Flat Cambrics 4c for all colors.

Yard wide Taffetas 10c, all colors.

Yard wide Surah Taffeta and Perca Silk, all colors 15c.

Silesias, all colors at 10, 15, 20, 25c.

Satine Silesias, gray and black at 20c, 25c, 30c.

Printed double faced Silesias 15 cents, 20 cts and 25 cts.

Collar Canvases 10c, 15c, 25c.

Brush Braid.

We were the starters of the Brush Braid in this town and bought only the genuine Feder's Pompadour Braid. Since then there has been imitations of this braid sold in town, which costs less and sells for less. The genuine all wool Pompadour Braid sells at 9 cents.

We have a cheaper braid, one we bought to sell at a price, and have it in all colors at 4 cents.



LA FORMA

The . . .
Dressmaker's
Helper. . .

Of all the different specialties put forward for dry goods stores to sell, not one of them did what La Forma does, namely, make easy work for the dressmaker in the most important thing she has to do—fitting the

waist properly.

It has been said that only a man tailor could make a tailor-made costume right; that theory is wrong. Any dressmaker can use La Forma, make a perfect-fitting tailor-made costume, or any other kind of a costume for that matter.

With La Forma in a waist there isn't a crease or a wrinkle; the waist FITS and you know what that means to a dressmaker and to her customer.

The strongest friend a lining department can have is a score or two of popular dressmakers. La Forma makes the dressmakers popular, and of course the department benefits accordingly.

La Forma is canvas and hair cloth, cut, moulded and patented; the user has only to follow instructions.

We Have La Forma in all Sizes.

Brown Street.

IRVIN GRAY.

NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING COMPANY.
RHINELANDER. - WISCONSIN.

LORD ROBERT is preparing to re-enter public life.

It is the popular supposition that the remains of Martin Luther were disinterred at Wittenberg more than a century ago and his dust scattered to the winds like that of Cromwell; but Prof. Koestlin, of the university of Halle, who has written the best biography of Luther, asserts that in February, 1892, two masons who were employed in restoring the old church at Wittenberg discovered the remains of the great reformer buried at the depth of six feet under the floor.

WM. RACER, who died the other day in Bristol, Pa., was the great-grandson of Benjamin Franklin. He was 83 years old, and was the pioneer newspaper publisher in Bucks county, having founded the Bristol Gazette in 1819. In 1834 he began the publication of a know-nothing paper, called the Bucks County American. He was the author of a number of historical works. He served in the war of the rebellion, and was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Last year the Germans exported 2,500,000 pounds of needles, as compared with 1,500,000 pounds in 1893. As showing the rate at which the export side of the German business has grown, it is stated that in eight years, 1880-87, the shipments were 11,615,000 pounds, and in the following eight years, ending with 1893, 15,425,000 pounds. The factories of Aix-la-Chapelle alone produced 50,000,000 needles a week, and they are said to be for the most part of superior quality.

PARIS has had so much to occupy its attention of late that it has failed to observe the destruction of one of its old landmarks, the famous Palais de l'Industrie, on the Champs Elysees. The building, whose history has been interwoven with so great a part of the joy and sorrow of France for many decades, is at last razed to the ground to make way for two marble palaces, between which an avenue will be cut to lead across the new Seine bridge which the czar dedicated when there almost a year ago.

AN engineer on the Delaware & Hudson road has a cat with which he would not part for love nor money. It belonged to his wife, who is now dead, and for a year past it has been his constant companion in the cab. The cat loves its life on the rail, and has grown sleek and fat. Ordinarily it sits perched up at the cab window before its master, but occasionally it strolls out to the platform where it will ride at a stretch, winking knowingly at the dogs which bark at the train as it thunders by the crossroads.

THE Constitution's three masts were put in the town of Malta, now Windsor, on the north side of the Augusta road between Cooper's Mills and Bryant's Corner. Thos. Cooper, of Newcastle, and one Gray cut the trees, skinned a road to Peble dock in Alna in the winter of 1790-91, and hauled them into the Sheepscot river, and in the spring took them to Wiscasset, where the government agents poked them at both ends with pieces of white oak, 5x8, slipped through mortises in the trees and then towed them to Boston.

THE only black bandmaster in Germany is a full-blooded East African Negro named Sabae el Cher. He leads the band of the East Prussian grenadier regiment, and is just now finding much favor with the public at the Dresden International Art exposition. He received his entire education in Germany, and is a graduate of the high school of music in Berlin. He is married too, to a Berlin woman, with whom he lives very happily, the couple having six children. Sabae is over six feet tall and rather good looking.

THE instillation of precious woods with mother of pearl is in Hanoin, French Tonquin, an important industry, an entire street, known as the "street of the inlayers," being devoted to it. Landscapes gleaming in the sun, sheafs of many colored flowers, the most delicate arabesques and many other beautiful things are evolved by the deft and pliant fingers of the artists with the aid of the plainest and crudest tools only, and marvellous cabinets and other articles are fashioned and put together without the aid of nails by dovetailing and lacquer of paste.

A PROPOSAL for compulsory insurance against accident is at present under consideration by the Belgian authorities, a plan having been framed by a special committee appointed for that purpose. Mining and metal industries, textile, ceramic and chemical industries, rubber, leather and paper industries, manufacturers of food and building industries all being included in the list. The employers are to pay one half. Special boards, comprising both master and men, are to be formed, and the masters are responsible for the premiums and for the insurance being effected.

Mrs. JULIA BARRETT, of Sacramento, claims to have discovered a remarkable system of phonetic stenography, by which the sounds of the human voice, with its myriad modulations, all languages, with their numberless dialects and inflections, can be taken down and reproduced by the tongue of the stenographer. She is at present in San Francisco, and is applying her system of stenography to the language of the Chinese. Mrs. Barrett says that her system of stenography can be used as an alphabet by the Chinese, and that it fits their language as closely as the Roman characters fit English.

IS NOW IN SPAIN.

United States Minister Woodford Arrives in Madrid.

Reports from the Spanish Capital Say That the Policy of United States Does Not Contemplate War If Cuban Mediation Is Rejected.

Madrid, Sept. 27.—The arrival of United States Minister Woodford from San Sebastian has made a sensation. The programme of the United States has been ascertained. This does not contemplate a declaration of war if Spain rejects mediation, but, according to report, an "ostentatious" proclamation to the world of disapproval of the Cuban regime by suspending diplomatic relations by withdrawing the United States minister.

Does Not Expect War. Gen. Woodford has declined to be interviewed on the subject further than to say that his conference with the duke of Tetuan, the foreign minister, was of the most satisfactory character. The unexpected bitterness of the press and of public opinion has painfully impressed him, but he hopes this will soon be allayed, as he believes his mission favorable to Spanish interests and cannot comprehend that Spain could reject mediation designed to end an impoverishing war. He has not named a time at which the war must be terminated, but he hopes, as the result of his talks, that it will be ended quickly. He believes the war is inflicting incalculable loss upon the United States and that it is impossible to prevent the organization of filibustering expeditions.

Woodford Closely Guarded. Unusual measures were taken to protect Minister Woodford on his journey from San Sebastian to this city, but the trip was quite uneventful. A party of gendarmes commanded by a sublieutenant guarded the Southern express, on which he was a passenger. Secret police were posted at the station and the prefect of police was in waiting to escort him to his hotel. The drive through the streets was marked by no special incident, though several people saluted him, receiving a bow in return.

Spain May Accept. Washington, Sept. 27.—Spain may accept the good offices of the United States as to Cuba after all. A member of the administration, who is known to have been in conference with officials of the Spanish legation here, said Sunday night there was now at least a fair prospect that Spain would accept our tender of help. At the time Minister Woodford was sent to Madrid it was believed by the state department that Spain would reject our offer. Now the prevailing belief is that Spain will accept, if not fully, at least sufficiently to afford a basis for future negotiations.

Will Discuss the Matter. If the impression now current in administration circles proves to be well founded Spain will accept our tender, but with the distinct reservation that the sovereignty of Spain and Cuba is not to be disturbed or modified in the slightest. In other words, Spain will be willing to discuss the matter, and to listen to any suggestions which the United States may make, but will not surrender any of her authority in Cuba. Men who are in close touch with the Spanish legation here expect to see the negotiations between Spain and the United States about Cuba going on for a year or more before any conclusion is reached.

PERILS OF THE PASS.

Terrible Result of a Landslide in the Alaskan Gold Region.

Port Townsend, Wash., Sept. 25.—The tug Pioneer, which left Puget Sound on September 12, with the bark Shirley in tow for Skagway, returned at one o'clock Friday morning, having made the run down in 96 hours. The Pioneer brings a report of a landslide which occurred near Sheepcamp on the Chilkoot pass last Sunday morning in which 13 men are said to have lost their lives. Only one body is said to have been recovered, that of a man named Choyinski, a cousin of Joe Choyinski, the prize fighter. The men supposed to have been lost were packers on the Dyea trail.

Died at the Age of 101. Chicago, Sept. 24.—"Uncle Jimmy" Lane died here Thursday. He came to Chicago 61 years ago, and was 101 years old last March. "Uncle Jimmy" Lane was the oldest resident of Chicago, and was known personally to more people, perhaps, than any other man in the city. He was a member of the Old Settlers' association. He was born March 17, 1795, at Charlottesville, near the city of Cork, Ireland.

Tragedy in Pennsylvania. Shamokin, Pa., Sept. 27.—The bodies of Arthur W. May, aged 24 years, and Miss Cora Kaseman, aged 15 years, both of Shamokin, were found lying side by side in the blacksmith shop of Joseph Smink Saturday morning. May had shot his sweetheart and then blown out his own brains. The parents of the young woman objected to her marriage with May and this caused the tragedy.

Has Too Much Money. Davenport, Neb., Sept. 25.—The State bank of Davenport closed Friday. In the notice to the public the reason assigned was that it could not secure borrowers enough for its large surplus of deposits. It is said Nebraska banks have more than 70 per cent. of their deposits in their vaults because of the great surplus in the state.

Victims of a Hurricane. Little Rock, Ark., Sept. 24.—Horses driven to a wagon in which John Trafford and his family were riding, ran away near Coy, Ark. Their 11-year-old daughter Edna was killed, and both Mr. and Mrs. Trafford fatally injured.

Wages Increased. Youngstown, O., Sept. 27.—The employees of William Tod & Co., founders and machinists, were notified Saturday night at the close of work that commencing this morning their wages would be increased ten per cent.

THE LUETGERT TRIAL.

Judge Vincent Makes the Opening Address for the Defense.

Chicago, Sept. 23.—In the Luetgert murder trial yesterday Judge Vincent made the opening address for the defense. The important contentions of the defense are:

That the missing woman is still alive and that she was seen by several witnesses after May 1, the day when her husband was charged with murdering her.

That Luetgert was distraught with business cares when his wife disappeared and that he failed to publish the fact on the advice of his attorneys.

That Mrs. Luetgert was demented and had threatened to leave home a number of times on account of her husband's financial troubles.

That Luetgert was making soft soap in the basement of the factory on the night of May 1, and that he used three barrels of tallow and one of bone chips.

That the rings found in the vat never were worn by the missing woman and were placed there by some one interested in the prisoner's downfall.

That the bones presented by the state as human belong to skeletons of lower animals.

That it was impossible for Nicholas Faber and Gottlieb and Emma Schimpke to have seen Mr. and Mrs. Luetgert enter the alley in the rear of the factory on the night of May 1 because of the darkness.

That it is possible to develop a body in the time specified and under the conditions assumed by the state to have existed in the middle of the night of May 1.

That if the amount of "slimy stuff" was present after the making of soft soap as testified to by the state's witnesses it would have taken from 70 to 800 pounds of fish and fat to have produced it.

Chicago, Sept. 24.—In the Luetgert murder trial yesterday M. J. Sholey, Henry Feldshaw and W. J. Grunstein testified that they saw Mrs. Luetgert alive in Kenosha, Wis., May 3 and 4.

Chicago, Sept. 27.—The strongest witness for the defense who has appeared in the Luetgert trial was on the stand Saturday. The witness was Mary Siemer, the domestic in the Luetgert household, for love of whom it is charged by the state that the prisoner murdered his wife. There was no mistaking the feeling of the girl toward Luetgert. She was there to do him all the good in her power, and she stood by him stoutly. She had made statements before the grand jury and to the state's attorney before the trial began, and when her assertions on the stand Saturday differed from the statements she is said to have made at that time she had not the slightest hesitation in repudiating anything she might have said when not under oath.

The witness was somewhat bitter in her narrative of her alleged experience with the police. While under arrest she said she was insulted and threatened by policemen, who informed her that they knew she and Luetgert had been guilty of wrong-doing, and that to save herself she had better desert "the Dutchman," as they called Luetgert, and testify against him.

KEPT OUT BY FORCE.

Colored Children Excluded from White Schools at Alton, Ill.

Alton, Ill., Sept. 24.—The city authorities took a hand in the race war at the Alton public schools Thursday. In the morning the chief of police was instructed to take the entire night and day force and keep the colored children and their parents out of the white schools. For a time it seemed as if this policy would precipitate serious trouble. Policemen were stationed at each of the schools, and when the colored people came with their children and sought to enter as they had the day before the officers stood at the doors and refused them admittance.

The colored people have sent to Springfield to secure the services of ex-United States Senator Palmer to assist them in an effort to secure in the federal court a mandamus compelling the city authorities to permit the negroes to attend school with the white children.

Made a Quick Passage. New York, Sept. 27.—The steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, the latest acquisition to the large fleet of the North German Lloyd Steamship company, arrived Sunday night at quarantine at ten o'clock on her maiden voyage, making the passage from Southampton to New York in 5 days, 22 hours and 45 minutes, the fastest voyage on record.

Was Assistant Forty-Four Years. Washington, Sept. 27.—Among the fourth-class postmasters appointed Saturday was R. G. Wallace, who was named for the office at Hammondville, O., to succeed his father, who recently died after serving the post office department for 69 years. Saturday's appointee had been his father's assistant for 44 years prior to the latter's death.

Three Men Killed. Owsboro, Ky., Sept. 24.—The saw-mill boiler of E. G. Dex, three miles from Livermore, blew up Thursday. Three men were killed and ten injured. Cold water ran into the boiler caused the accident. The mill was totally wrecked.

Took His Own Life. City of Mexico, Sept. 25.—Eduardo Velasquez, former inspector of police, accused of instigating the murder of Arroyo while the latter was in custody for his attempt to assault President Diaz, shot himself dead in prison in this city.

Killed His Sweetheart. Marion, Ind., Sept. 25.—Noah Johnson, the 22-year-old son of John F. Johnson, a farmer near here, shot and killed his sweetheart, Marie Mang, the 17-year-old daughter of Martin Mang. Jealousy was the cause.

Wave of Prosperity. Colorado Springs, Col., Sept. 23.—In a speech here James H. Eckels, comptroller of the currency, said that he believed a great wave of prosperity was sweeping over the country.

Stricken with Paralysis. Brazil, Ind., Sept. 24.—While Rev. L. D. Morris, of Greencastle, was delivering an address here at a convention of Christian churches he was fatally stricken with paralysis.

Weyler Wants Help. Madrid, Sept. 27.—Capt. Gen. Weyler has cabled a request to the government to send 113 additional administrative officials to Cuba.

TREATY RATIFIED.

Hawaiian Senate Favors Annexation to the United States.

Synopsis of the Message of President Dole—Resolution of Ratification Unanimously Adopted—Japan Landing Troops.

San Francisco, Sept. 23.—Although the steamship City of Peking, which arrived Tuesday night from Honolulu, brought the news that the annexation treaty had been ratified by the Hawaiian senate on the 8th inst., no details were obtainable until Wednesday morning, the mails having been delayed in quarantine for 12 hours. From advices brought under date of the 14th inst. the following particulars are obtained:

The Hawaiian senate met in extra session on the 6th inst. When the senate was called to order the president's message urging the ratification of the treaty was read, as was also a protest on behalf of the Hawaiians who opposed the measure. A synopsis of the message of President Dole is as follows:

President Dole's Message. The president in his message stated that under the authority conferred upon him by the constitution and with the approval of the cabinet, he had negotiated a treaty of political union of the United States of America and the republic of Hawaii, which was signed by the plenipotentiaries of both governments in Washington, June 16, 1897. He transmitted the same to the senate for the consideration and ratification thereof under its constitutional authority, and called attention to certain significant events which bore upon the matter. He touched upon the adoption of the policy of annexation by the provisional government on June 17, 1893, and stated that the reasons which then necessitated that policy still existed and that subsequent events had emphasized their importance. In conclusion, he called particular attention to the fact that the treaty contained an important provision regarding the maintenance of the existing Hawaiian laws and customs not inconsistent with the treaty under consideration, and the fact that the Hawaiian people had accepted the treaty of union of the United States of America, concluded at Washington on June 16, 1897.

Both papers were referred with the text of the treaty to the foreign relations committee for consideration. On the following day that committee reported favorably, and on its recommendation the senate adopted the following resolution by unanimous vote:

The Resolution of Ratification. "Be it enacted by the senate of the republic of Hawaii, That the senate hereby ratifies and advises and consents to the ratification by the president of the treaty between the republic of Hawaii and the United States of America on the subject of annexation, and the said treaty to the United States of America, concluded at Washington on June 16, 1897."

The text of the treaty is then given. Protest Laid on the Table.

In answer to the Hawaiian protest the committee said in part: "The legislature of the republic has at its last two sessions passed joint resolutions favoring annexation, and the annexation of the islands to the United States was one of the fundamental grounds for the establishment of this government. We recommended that the protest be laid upon the table, and in doing so deem it our duty to say that in our opinion the protest is protesting more on the grounds of sentiment than that they fully believe annexation would not promote the best and most lasting prosperity to the islands and all classes of people now residing thereon."

This report was unanimously adopted by the senate.

Troops from Japan. San Francisco, Sept. 23.—Passengers who arrived here yesterday on the steamer City of Peking say that Japan had landed over 1,000 well-drilled soldiers on the Hawaiian islands, and that more were coming. It was generally believed that they were sent to the islands for the purpose of forcibly resisting annexation if necessary.

Warships for Hawaii. San Francisco, Sept. 25.—Every indication here points to the fact that the government has information of an extremely critical state of affairs in the Hawaiian Islands. Within ten days President McKinley will have at Honolulu the Philadelphia, the Bennington, the Wheeling, the Yorktown and probably the big battle ship Oregon. This is a fleet entirely without precedent in those waters and is significant of a crisis or something very like it.

Will Beat All Records. Cleveland, O., Sept. 27.—From talks with iron ore dealers it is learned that the movement of ore from the upper lake mines this year will beat all records. It is now estimated that at least 33,000,000 tons will be marketed this season, and next spring is likely to find all the docks clear. That would be unprecedented. Last year the stocks in the spring amounted to 3,000,000 tons.

Won't Back Spain. Washington, Sept. 23.—Dispatches from United States ambassadors say that all the foreign powers except Austria refused to back Spain in her Cuban policy, recognizing that the interests of the United States justify the latter's interference in Cuba.

Sugar Imports. Washington, Sept. 24.—A statement at the bureau of statistics of the treasury department shows the total imports of dutiable sugar during the last fiscal year to have been 4,351,403,657 pounds, valued at \$55,991,902.

Will Try Again. Boston, Sept. 25.—Lieut. Peary, the explorer, said in an interview that he should start on his next polar expedition in the latter part of July, 1898, and that he would reach the north pole or lose his life in the attempt.

Sheriff Martin Indicted. Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 23.—Sheriff Martin and 73 of his deputies were indicted here yesterday for the murder of 24 striking miners near Lattimer on September 10. All gave bail.

Killed His Wife. Flat Rock, Ind., Sept. 25.—Wesley Nading, a young grain merchant, shot and killed his wife and then attempted suicide. No cause was known for the deed.

Coal Mine Burned. Braintree, Ill., Sept. 24.—The Star Coal company's No. 1 mine burned Wednesday night. Loss, \$75,000.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

For the Week Ending Sept. 27. Sylvanus Johnson was hanged at Key West, Fla., for assault.

Every business house in the town of Alton, I. T., was destroyed by fire. The announcement that Mrs. Lilly Langtry will marry Prince Esterhazy is confirmed.

The steamer Rosalie left Seattle, Wash., for the Klondike with 100 gold seekers on board.

In a political quarrel at Morrison, O. T., Peter Vranston and John Rambo killed each other.

Reports of rich gold finds continue to come from the Michipicoten region on Lake Superior.

The works of the Youngstown (O.) Bridge company were destroyed by fire, the loss being \$100,000.

Severe earthquake shocks were felt in Maine at Belfast, Ellsworth, Bangor and several other towns.

Gen. Rodriguez, of the Cuban army, says the Cubans will accept nothing short of complete freedom.

Gen. Paz, military leader of the rebellion in Nicaragua, killed himself after being taken prisoner.

A recent filibustering expedition for Cuba was captured and 19 men on the vessel were slain by Spaniards.

A strange disease is doing great damage to hogs in southern Kansas and they are dying by the hundreds.

The rye crop this season will be 25,000,000 bushels—1,000,000 more than last year and 2,000,000 less than in 1893.

Five acres of buildings in Chicago comprising the works of the Chicago Bridge and Iron company were burned.

The state department has been notified that the Colombian government has suspended the export duty on coffee.

In session at Columbus, O., the Society of the Army of the Cumberland elected Gen. W. S. Rosecrans as president.

Samuel and Henry Maas, aged 16 and 19 respectively, were killed near Rockport, Ind., by the caving in of a sand bank.

The sultan of Turkey will, it is said, address the powers shortly on the subject of Great Britain's evacuation of Egypt.

The Musée theater in Toronto, Ont., was destroyed by fire and in the panic that ensued one person was killed and many others were injured.

At the national encampment in Columbus, O., of the Union Veteran Legion Archibald Blakey, of Pittsburgh, was elected national commander.

The steamer Admiral Gervais, with 200 passengers, while lying off the town of Ufa, Russia, took fire and many persons jumped overboard and were drowned.

BLOCKED BY SNOW.

Prospectors Return from Alaska to Winter in United States.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 23.—The steamer Queen, which arrived Wednesday morning, brought back 80 miners, who decided to wait until the spring before proceeding to the Klondike. Winter has set in in earnest in the White and Chilkat passes, there being four feet of snow on the summits, and ice forming in the small streams. Those who want to get over now have to go by dog trains. Horses are no longer of any use, and the animals for which men refused \$300 and \$400 a few weeks ago can now be bought for five dollars.

SEVENTEEN ARE KILLED.

Men Employed in a Mexican Mine Crushed by a Cave-in.

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 27.—News has been received here that the San Pedro mine in the Corralitos group, 12 miles from this city, in Mexico, caved in Saturday, killing 17 men who were at work in the mine at the time. The unfortunate were buried alive under 20 feet of rock and dirt. The San Pedro is one of the oldest mines in the group and rich with silver. It is the property of the wealthy Corralitos company, the principal stockholders of which reside in New York.

Shock Proved Fatal. Decatur, Ill., Sept. 27.—Carleton E. Given, a real estate man, went to his cellar Sunday to fix fire in the furnaces. In some way an electric current had charged the furnace and he received a shock from which he died in half an hour.

Old Soldier Honored. Washington, Sept. 27.—A medal of honor has been presented to George L. Banks, of Independence, Kan., formerly color sergeant Fifteenth Indiana volunteers, for gallantry at Missionary Ridge.

Boy Hanged to Death. Peru, Ill., Sept. 25.—While playing about the barn Thomas, little son of T. A. Pottenger, president of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance company, set fire to the building and lost his life in the flames.

Broke World's Record. Philadelphia, Sept. 23.—The pacers John R. Gentry and Robert J. Wednesday afternoon on the Belmont track lowered the world's double team record for a mile to 2:09.

Indicted. Bunker Hill, Ill., Sept. 27.—Capt. F. Y. Hedley, who shot and killed John R. Richards, mayor of this place, June 12 last, has been indicted for manslaughter.

High License Wins. Janesville, Wis., Sept. 23.—High license was victorious in this city at the special election. The \$200 license won by a vote of 556, to 43 for \$350 and \$52 for \$200.

Accidentally Killed. Fulton, Ill., Sept. 27.—Arthur Dabler, aged 18, is dead from a bullet wound accidentally inflicted by a friend named Fay Allen.

Sawmill Burned. Minneapolis, Minn., Sept. 23.—The J. W. Day & Co. sawmill burned. Loss, \$75,000; insurance, \$40,000.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

Trade in Staple Lines Shows Quite a Falling Off.

Fever Quarantine Brings Business to a Standstill in the South—Imports of Gold by England and France Are Heavy.

New York, Sept. 23.—Bradstreet's says:

"There is a check to the inward sweep of demand in staple lines noticeable throughout the country for the past six weeks. The yellow fever quarantine, which extends from Texas to Georgia, has brought wholesale business to a practical standstill throughout the greater portion of the region embraced by the gulf states. At centers of distribution in eastern, middle and central western states, the recent activity in dry goods, hats and hardware has fallen off, but at the northwest and on the Pacific coast buying by interior merchants and the free distribution of merchandise continue to be features. Demand for heavy textile fabrics has been stimulated by colder weather, and St. Louis merchants say the yellow fever act will have no effect upon trade at that city, as southern merchants had supplied themselves there before the quarantine was enforced. The outlook for business in parts of Texas, Arkansas, Tennessee and Georgia is for a much better season than has been expected. Favorable features of the week are found in sharp advances in prices for iron and steel, heavy sales of Blawie pig iron, steel billets and rails and a prospect that iron and steel prices will go higher in the near future. Wool is also higher and woolen goods for 1898 delivery are up ten and 15 per cent. with the outlook favoring a further advance. The increased volume of general trade is also stimulated by the continuous heavy movement of cereals to water, the almost unprecedented large quantities exported each week and the increased number of people finding employment in industrial and commercial lines as compared with a year ago together with the tendency of gold to come here from abroad."

Don's Review.

R. G. Don & Co. in their weekly review of trade, say:

"Gold imports have been direct from England and France to the amount of \$100,000 at San Francisco from Australia for wheat exported. The gold received there and started for Europe amounts to \$4,500,000 in two days, and the advance of its rates by the Bank of England to 25 per cent. seems little likely to be followed by a further advance. The heavy merchandise balances due to this country and a rise in the rate of interest here. The August excess of merchandise and specie exports over imports was not far from \$12,000,000, and the September excess was even larger, unless shipments of gold are considerable. Merchandise exports from New York in three weeks of September have been 113 per cent. over last year's and imports 147 per cent. less, and like changes on the whole trade for the month would result in net exports of \$25,000,000 merchandise, besides specie."

Markets Uncertain.

"Produce markets have been uncertain, closing a fraction higher for both wheat and corn, while the decline in cotton continues. With 54 cents paid for spot at the end of August, cotton has dropped 14 cents or 18 per cent. in the last three weeks, in spite of the favorable revival of manufacture. Fever in some southern cities has not been largely influential and the main factor has been a general impression that estimates are as misleading as they were when the yield was the greatest on record. The most extreme estimate of the crop by the trade is only 1,750,000,000 bushels, but is coupled with figures tending to show a surplus from the last crop of 10,000,000 bushels over ordinary consumption. Were this quite believed, the price would be stilling, with the most extreme estimate heavy. In three weeks 9,527,545 bushels, against 6,150,187 last year. Wheat has gained a fraction for the week. While Atlantic exports, four included, for three weeks have been 12,045,151 bushels, against 13,513,143 last year. Wheat receipts are exceeding last year, and foreign estimates now agree in making the probable requirement from this country over 100,000,000 bushels greater than last year."

Pate Thousands to Work.

"The official ending of the western coal strike adds many thousands men to the working force. The mines and men in manifestly trying bituminous coal. The anthracite strike has substantially ended and no extensive labor disturbance is threatened. The output of coke is now 125,000 tons, and the price is also advanced. Failures for the week have been 23 in the United States, against 25 last year, and 25 in Canada, against 25 last year."

Big Brewery Burned.

La Crosse, Wis., Sept. 24.—Early Thursday morning fire was discovered in the roof of the brew house of the John Gund Brewing company's plant. The malt house contained several car loads of malt and about 3,000 bushels of barley, which was totally destroyed, and the office building, which stands across the street, was not burned, and a part of the engine-room was also saved. The cold storage contained about 12,000 barrels of beer, which is also destroyed. The total loss will exceed \$300,000.

"Affair of Honor."

Vienna, Sept. 27.—A pistol duel was fought Saturday between Count Edelesi, the Austrian premier, and Dr. Wolf, the German nationalist leader, arising from insults addressed by the latter to the premier during Friday's session of the Unterhaus. Count Edelesi was wounded in the right hand.

Reservation Timber Sold.

Washington, Sept. 25.—The department of the interior has accepted the bid of Frederick L. Gilbert for all the timber on Red Cliff Chippewa Indian reservation in Wisconsin. It is estimated that the timber amounts to 100,000,000 feet, and Mr. Gilbert's bid is \$16,000.

Death of Judge Kilgore.

Ardmore, I. T., Sept. 24.—United States Judge Kilgore, ex-congressman from Texas, died here yesterday afternoon after a short illness, aged 62 years. The remains have been taken to Wills Point, Tex., for burial.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

In Favor of Cellars.

Justice J. B. Winslow, of the Wisconsin supreme court, handed down a decision that is of particular interest to lawyers and newspaper publishers. The opinion is in the case of the proceedings for contempt of court by Judge W. F. Bailey, of Eau Claire, against H. C. Ashbaugh and J. A. Doolittle. The court says:

"We are well persuaded that newspaper comments on cases finally decided prior to the publication cannot be considered criminal contempt. Truly, it must be a grievous and weighty necessity which will justify so arbitrary a proceeding thereby as to cause for offense the accuser, judge and jury, and may with a few hours punish his critic by imprisonment. If there can be any more effective way to gag the press and subvert freedom of speech, we do not know where to find it."

New Beet Sugar Plant.

The announcement that money has been secured to build and equip the Merrillan beet sugar factory is confirmed. Mr. Orlando Holway, secretary of the company, will at once start for Europe to hasten the building of machinery and to study methods. Mr. Boynton, president of the company, says the machinery is so far along that 30 days' work will complete it, and that he has no doubt the factory will be in operation before January 1.

Beloit College.

Beloit college has begun the second half of her first century. This year will mark the erection of the young women's dormitory, Emerson hall, and it is hoped by the students that next fall will witness the erection of a gymnasium as a tribute to the good work of the college for the last few years. The actual attendance will be 200 in the college and 150 in the academy. There are 66 freshmen. The prospects for a successful year are very bright.

Executive Clemency.

Gov. Scofield has pardoned H. H. Lennon, of Baraboo county, who was sentenced to 20 years in the state prison in 1902 for rape. He was pardoned on the recommendation of the judge who sentenced him. Circumstances transpiring since the conviction convinced the judge that Lennon received too long a sentence, and that he has already served all the time he ought.

Insures the Capitol.

In the name of the state Gov. Scofield has taken out an insurance policy for \$200,000 on the capitol building. The policy is for three years, and the premium is \$2,000 covering that period has been paid. This is the first time that the building has carried any insurance.

Died of Starvation.

Rather than touch an annuity from England, which she had come to look upon as blood money, Mrs. Laura Armistead starved herself to death at Fort Atkinson, notwithstanding there was nearly \$3,000 in a basket beside her dingy bed.

A Destructive Drizzle.

Farmers in the northern part of the town of Palmyra report a hitherto unknown beetle destroying their corn crops. Corn and husks are destroyed with rapidity and by the acre, leaving an entirely cleaned cornob.

The News Condensed.

Work has commenced on Knapstein & Co.'s new four-story brewery in New London.

Albert H. Lieber, a printer, committed suicide in Milwaukee by swallowing a dose of carbolic acid.

A party of 19 boys and girls left Shawano with James Soustille as guide for Lawrence, Kan., to attend the Indian school there.

Lightning caused the burning of a new barn at Black River Falls with 60 tons of hay, one horse and farm machinery.

Janesville has the distinction of receiving the first bale of new cotton to leave the south this season.

Mrs. William Manning fell into the river at Chippewa Falls and was swept over the dam and drowned.

Horace C. Bradford, of Milwaukee, a prominent insurance man, was found dead in his room in Baggs hotel in Utica, N. Y.

John Mead, who was arrested in Black River Falls for selling whisky to Indians, was given 60 days in jail.

William L. Harris & Co., merchant tailors at Milwaukee, failed for \$25,000.

Mrs. Ida Hicks, of Glenbeulah, was married to Megginson Carr, of Greenbush. The bride is about 40 and the groom nearly 60 years of age.

Mrs. Maria Lippitt, aged 72, a pioneer resident of Beloit, was found dead in her bed from heart disease.

Capt. John Lander, aged 84, one of the best known citizens of Madison, dropped dead.

Ex-Senator Sawyer passed his eighty-first birthday quietly at his home in Oshkosh.

Kenosha has voted for a \$200 saloon license.

West Superior has been enjoined from paying out any money until it settles a personal judgment of \$2,500.

At the special license election in Wausau the \$200 license fee carried the day by 28 majority over the \$200 fee.

The Hagemeister Brewing company of Green Bay has purchased 400 acres of land in the town of Bellevue, six miles from the city, and will start a model stock farm.

C. C. Rogers, a prominent Milwaukee board of trade man, was run down and badly hurt by F. J. Gulch, a bicycle racer.

Theodore Bohrm, aged 40, employed in J. J. Hogan's wholesale grocery house in La Crosse, was caught in the elevator shaft and crushed so that he died.

Fire in the yard of the McDonald Lumber company in Green Bay destroyed from 20,000 to 25,000 feet of lumber.

The assessed valuation of all personal property subject to taxation in the city of Sheboygan foots up \$1,166,411.

ON THE DIAMOND.

Standing of Baseball Clubs for the Week Ended Sept. 26.

Club	Won	Lost	Per Cent.
Baltimore	35	11	.761
New York	31	15	.677
Cincinnati	24	22	.522
Cleveland	23	23	.500
Brooklyn	22	24	.478
Washington	22	24	.478
Pittsburgh	21	25	.458
Chicago	20	26	.435
Philadelphia	19	27	.412
St. Louis	17	29	.370

The Western league season closed Tuesday with the clubs standing as follows:

Club	Won	Lost	Per Cent.
Indianapolis	37	11	.771
Columbus	32	16	.667
St. Paul	28	20	.583
Minneapolis	27	21	.563
Sioux Falls	26	22	.542
Omaha	25	23	.521
Des Moines	24	24	.500
Keokuk	23	25	.479
Peoria	22	26	.458
Dubuque	21	27	.438
Burlington	20	28	.417

PROGRESS OF THE FEVER.

A Total of 17 Deaths Have Occurred in New Orleans.

New Orleans, Sept. 27.—The board of health of the state of Louisiana officially reports the status of affairs in New Orleans as regards yellow fever as follows: During the 27 hours ending Sunday, September 26, at nine p. m. there were: Cases of yellow fever, 17; deaths, 0; total cases to date, 133; total deaths from yellow fever to date, 17. Sunday was the quietest for a week in New Orleans, and the fever situation, in spite of the appearance of a rather large number of new cases, may be said to have shown much improvement.

There have been no new cases at Ocean Springs. Reports from the detention camp say that about ten refugees from New Orleans have arrived there and 18 from Mexico.

At Edwards, Miss., on Sunday there was one death and 23 new cases. Total cases to date, 176; total deaths, 7.

At Mobile, Ala., on Sunday there were five new cases but no deaths.

SWEPT BY FIRE.

The Best Part of Bainbridge, O., Destroyed by Flames.

Cincinnati, Sept. 24.—A special to the Commercial-Tribune from Chillicothe, O., says: The village of Bainbridge was the scene of one of the most disastrous conflagrations Thursday afternoon that ever occurred in this county. An entire square containing most of the prominent business houses, several handsome residences and the Methodist church was entirely destroyed and two prominent business men lost their lives in an explosion which occurred in the drug store of W. P. Beardsley. The fire started in a barn in the rear of Perrin Brown's general store by two little boys who were playing with lighted matches. The flames spread rapidly and communicated with the main buildings. Beardsley's drug store adjoining was next ablaze, and with the limited means at hand for fighting fire it passed all bounds and became uncontrollable.

CAREER OF A BRUTE.

It Culminated at the End of a Rope at Hawesville, Ky.

Hawesville, Ky., Sept. 27.—At five a. m. Sunday, in the presence of 800 infuriated people, Raymond Bushrod, a negro, was lynched as a penalty for a brutal assault upon the person of 14-year-old Maggie Roberts on Saturday. He was hanged from a limb of a tree in the courthouse yard. Bushrod was from Rockport, Ind., and had just served a term in the county jail for theft. Saturday afternoon near Petri, three miles from this place, he met the little Roberts girl, and after outraging her beat and bruised her with an iron coupling pin and left her on the railroad grade to die.

Accused for Murder.

Belle Plaine, Ia., Sept. 27.—Frank A. Norak was formally arraigned in court Saturday morning before Judge Caswell, charged with murdering Edward Murray. Through the reading of the indictment Norak remained standing, cool and calm, and in pleading to the charge in clear and distinct words, replied: "Not guilty."

THE MARKETS.

	New York, Sept. 27.	
LIVESTOCK—Native Steers	11 00	
Sheep	1 00	
Hogs	1 00	
FLOUR—Minnesota Patents	1 25	
Minnesota Bakers	1 20	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red Sept.	1 15	
December	1 15	
CORN—No. 2	1 15	
December	1 15	
OATS—No.	1 15	
BUTTER—Creamery	12 00	
Factory	12 00	
CHEESE—Large, White	12 00	
EGGS—Western	11 00	
CHICAGO		
CATTLE—Shipping Steers	11 15	
Butchers' Steers	11 00	
Stockers	11 00	
Feeders	11 00	
Cows	1 00	
HOGS—Light	1 00	
Heavy	1 00	
SHEEP	1 00	
BUTTER—Creamery	11 15	
Dairy	11 15	
EGGS	11 15	
CORN—No. 2	11 15	
PORK—Mess, October	11 15	
LARD—October	11 15	
FLOUR—Patents	1 15	
GRAIN—Wheat, September	1 15	
CORN—September	1 15	
Oats, September	1 15	
Barley, No. 2	1 15	
Barley, Choice, New	1 15	
MILWAUKEE		
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Spring	1 15	
Oats, No. 2	1 15	
Oats, No. 3 White	1 15	
Barley, No. 2	1 15	
Rye, No. 1	1 15	
PORK—Mess	1 15	
LARD	1 15	
DETROIT		
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Red	1 15	
Oats, No. 2	1 15	
Oats, No. 3 White	1 15	
Rye, No. 2	1 15	
ST. LOUIS		
CATTLE—Shipping Steers	11 15	
Stockers and Feeders	11 15	
HOGS	11 15	
SHEEP	11 15	
KANSAS CITY		
CATTLE—Native Steers	11 15	
Texas	11 15	
Stockers and Feeders	11 15	

Eloquently Contrasted.

Following are statements of revival of manufacturing industries during the sixty days following the enactment of the law:

Post Office Building. S. H. & W. H. ASHTON

DAVENPORT STREET.

Hair Cutting, Shaving, Shampooing, etc., done in first-class order, as now
but the best of workmen are employed. A hot or cold water bath
can be secured at a very reasonable price, and satisfaction
guaranteed. Give me a call and be convinced.

RHINELANDER, WI

CLARK & LENNON - Builders' and Lumbermen's Hardware.

WALL PAPER

At your own figure, pending removal of stock.

THE PALACE DRUG STORE. A. H. MARKS, PROP.

LOCAL TIME TABLES.

Chicago & Northwestern R'y.
NORTHBOUND
No. 11-Daily 7:50 A. M.
No. 12-Ashtabula Mail and Express 1:28 P. M.

SOUTHBOUND.
No. 4-Daily 11:22 P. M.
No. 3-Ashtabula Mail and Express 1:28 P. M.
H. C. BRACER, AGENT.

Rev. Kemp preached at Harshaw Monday.

Miss Lola Billings arrived home Thursday morning.

Byron Park, of Stevens Point, was in the city Tuesday.

R. E. Rosenberger, of Lac du Flambeau, was in Rhinelander Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Segerstrom returned Tuesday from a week's visit at Chicago.

Mrs. J. C. Lewis, of Antigo, was the guest of Rhinelander relatives last week.

The Christian Endeavor Society held a social at the parsonage Wednesday evening.

Dr. Boynton, of Boston, and Rev. Haun, of Madison, were Rhinelander visitors Saturday.

Just opened a line of the celebrated Mundell's shoes for children.

Cash Department Store.

Mrs. L. H. Brown has returned to her home in this city, after an absence of several weeks.

The Congregational Ladies Mission Circle will give a program at the mid week meeting this evening.

WANTED-Cedar shingle bolts. FOR SALE-Cedar shingles. STEVENS LUMBER CO.

Mrs. F. T. Coon arrived home Saturday from an extended visit at Minneapolis and other points.

C. S. Pierce and Traveling Freight Agent Keyes, of the North-Western road, were in the city Tuesday on business.

Mrs. Geo. W. Bishop and daughter Lucille returned Monday from an extended visit in the southern part of the state.

B. R. Lewis returned Sunday from a week's business trip in Chicago. He purchased an extensive line of crockery while there.

Mrs. Chas. Chafee and Mrs. Wm. LaSalle left on Wednesday for a few weeks' visit with friends at Hurley, Ashland and Bayfield.

Mrs. Chas. Nelson left Saturday for a visit with her parents in Black Creek. She will spend a month at Appleton before returning.

Mrs. Donaldson and son Carl entertained Rev. and Mrs. Cussey, Rev. and Mrs. Kemp and Mrs. W. E. Brown at dinner Tuesday evening.

Clark, the painter, is doing some good work in his line, and is being well patronized. The delivery wagon of the Standard Oil Co. was recently finished by him, and presents a fine appearance.

F. E. Moore, who has been with the firm of Spafford & Co. in the capacity of book-keeper for the past two or three years, has resigned his position with this firm and accepted a like position with C. M. & W. W. Fendon.

John Barnes, accompanied by N. A. and Francis Goldman, of Eagle River, made the trip from Eagle River to this city via the Wisconsin river last Saturday, arriving here Tuesday. They put in their time fishing on the way down and made the trip without mishap.

W. W. Fendon and family will go to Phillips Saturday for a short visit with relatives there. From there they will go to Weyauwega, where Mrs. Fendon and the children will remain for several weeks with Mr. Fendon's parents.

The most interesting exhibit we witnessed at the state fair last week was from Rock county, under the supervision of Gil. Vandenberg, of Madison. It was a two-legged sheep all covered with feathers. Gil, with the assistance of Frank Hunt, of Phillips, who had his pockets filled with dates, succeeded in attracting large crowds with their dogmatic speeches, and showed up the freak to great advantage.

Remember the entertainment of the M. E. ladies tomorrow afternoon and evening, at the building formerly occupied by A. H. Marks' drug store. There will be an exhibition of both ancient and modern curiosities. The wood sawing contest by young ladies will be a novel attraction for the evening. An admission fee of 10 cents will be charged, and refreshments will be served on the European plan.

The Sixth ward now has a fire company of ten men, a good lively one too, capable of throwing water in forty-five seconds from the time of receiving an alarm. The company was organized last week at the Scriven Door Factory, all the members being factory employees. Chas. Brown is chief. Regular drills of one hour's duration are held every Saturday afternoon, an alarm being sounded at any time to which the members of the company are expected to respond instantly. The men are given fifty cents apiece for each drill by the Wabash Company and will soon establish a record for quick service.

F. W. Sackett, of Berlin, transacted business in this city Tuesday.

Rev. Geo. H. Kemp will preach at the Congregational church Sunday morning at 10:30, and evening at 7:30.

"My boy came home from school one day with his hand badly lacerated and bleeding and suffering great pain," says Mr. E. J. Schall, with Meyer Bros. Drug Co., St. Louis, Mo. "I dressed the wound, and applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm freely. All pain ceased, and in a remarkably short time it healed without leaving a scar. For wounds, sprains, swellings and rheumatism I know of no medicine or prescription equal to it. I consider it a household necessity. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale at Palace Drug Store."

Victor Langley arrived in Rhinelander from Junction City, Ark., yesterday morning, and will remain a few days. He is engaged in the lumbering business in the south, and came north to hire some help to go there and work for him. He will take back a cook, blacksmith and several horse teamsters. He has a three years' logging contract, and says it is the best kind of a country to do logging by rail, as there is but little work connected with getting a road ready. The country is so level that all that is necessary is to lay the ties and put on the rails and the road is ready to haul logs on. The timber he is putting in goes about four and a half logs to the thousand, and he says there is any amount of pine land for sale down there at from \$1.25 to \$2.00 per acre. Most of the logging there is done with oxen and four wheel trucks, and he says it would do the ox teamsters of the north good to see those southerners drive oxen. He says they have the trade down to perfection. One man drives four oxen and does his own loading, and puts in ten thousand a day. Victor looks a little thin, but says he is in good health and likes the south fairly well. The highest thermometer reached this summer was 101, with an average of about 85.

The third annual meeting of the Oneida County Agricultural Society will be held at the town hall Tuesday, Oct. 5, at 8 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year. All persons holding season or family tickets are members, and any others wishing to become members can do so by applying to the secretary, F. E. Parker, at the postoffice. We would suggest to those who are not satisfied with the way the present officers have managed affairs the past year, that they come out to the meeting and become members of the Association, and vote them out and put in men who will run affairs more to their liking. We will guarantee that no one will be offended, as none of the officers are "stuck" on their job. For the benefit of those who are crying about it being a money-making scheme for the officers of the Association, we will state that there are two paid officers—those of secretary and treasurer. The secretary gets the magnificent sum of \$25.00 per year for his work, and the treasurer \$10.00 per year—that is, they are supposed to receive these large sums for all the work they do, but we know positively that during the life of the Society the treasurer has never received a cent for his services. Now, if there is anyone in Oneida county who thinks he would like to get a piece of the rake off in this money making institution, just let him attend this meeting and he can have his pick of the officers from president down to member of the executive committee, and if, after holding any one of the offices for one year, he isn't one of the most disgusted kickers on record, you may call us a liar.

House Plants for Sale.

Mrs. Geo. Rosenzweig has a number of choice house plants which she desires to sell. The plants are all large and thrifty, and will be sold at reasonable prices. They can be seen at any time by calling at her residence in the Sixth ward, immediately north of P. F. Edwards' property. Any one wishing to buy plants will do well to see these.

Big Plan Deal.

Ben Sweet, of Milwaukee, Wis., and somewhat of Rhinelander too, has been in the city for the past week arranging for a new steam heating outfit for his building on Davenport street. He has just returned from a trip to the Pacific coast, and when asked what he had been out there for replied that he went there to secure a stock of big timber for himself and several associates who live at Manitowish, Mich. Replying to the questions as to whether he bought any timber out there, what sort of timber it was, where situated, how much per acre it would cost, what it cost, etc., he said: "Yes, we bought timber on the famous Trask river in Tillamook county, Oregon. It is principally what they call yellow fir mixed with larch. The fir is nearly as light as our white pine, and stands thick, tall and very straight. I measured several trees that were down which were seventy to eighty inches at the top, and from two hundred to two hundred and twenty-five feet long, some of which would scale as high as twenty thousand feet. Some are contained as high as three hundred thousand feet and more of very straight bolted as well as straight grained timber. They don't cut up into the limbs out there at all, so the logs are practically

clear stuff throughout. A logging railroad can be built to haul all of this timber to driving water only a few miles distant, all in the same town. This tract contains 4,160 acres, and will cut in the neighborhood of 20,000,000 feet and is available at present. Such logs at tide water are worth \$5.00 per thousand out there at present. This timber cost us in the neighborhood of ten cents per thousand. The lands it stands on are fine, rich soil, and make fine stock ranges.

"The Trask river empties its waters into Tillamook Bay near the Pacific ocean. Tillamook city is on the Bay and has 5000 inhabitants, two saw mills, and a railroad is now building to it. Ocean vessels come in and load with this lumber direct from the mills. The lumber is cut as long as practicable. For instance, 6x5 railroad ties for the Japan market go into the vessels sixty-four to ninety-six feet long—any length that will cut up by eight for length. They get about \$5.00 per thousand feet, and are now filling an order from Japan for thirty million feet of 6x5 tie lumber for railroad building. The timber is fine grained, a little harder than white pine and is very durable."

Mr. Sweet expects to go out there again soon, as his company contemplates the purchase of eight or ten hundred million feet more of the same kind of timber.

North-Western Road's New Chicago City Office.

Chicago has long been noted for being the greatest railroad center in the world. It has been conspicuous not only for having the largest number of lines running into it of any city in the world and the greatest number of trains arriving and departing daily, but for having some of the largest, most commodious and elegant passenger stations in the world. Now it has taken another step in advance, and can boast today of having the most elegant and in every way the best city ticket office in the world. Two or three months ago the Chicago & Northwestern Road moved its city ticket office from 208 Clark street to larger and more commodious quarters two doors south on the same thoroughfare, 212 Clark street. No sooner had it taken possession of its new quarters than it began a process of renovation, redecorating and furnishing them anew. The work has been proceeding steadily since, until now it has been carried to completion. The road finds itself in possession of what is without controversy the most elegant and complete ticket office.

The new offices are on the northwest corner of Clark and Adams streets, and can be entered from either street. In stepping into the offices from the sidewalk the intending passenger finds himself in a beautiful place, which cannot fail to excite his admiration. The walls of the apartments are hung with beautiful oil paintings and engravings of some of the grandest scenery in the world, such as the great geyser, known as "Old Faithful," the great Kootenai canon, Pike's Peak as viewed from Colorado Springs, Elk Peak and other like scenes. Every counter, desk, ticket office, chair, table, partition, railing and other piece of furniture in the whole office is of solid mahogany, all being uniform in tint and shade. Even the windows are hung with foliating mahogany blinds of the same shade as the other furniture. The counters, partitions and railings have a skirting one foot in width of variegated marble of a very beautiful type, which serves to lighten the general effect materially.

ROOM FOR MANY BUYERS.

There is a counter space in the office for about twenty ticket purchasers at the same moment, and should occasion require it, that number of people could be furnished with tickets at the same minute. Running along the outer wall of the office outside the counter is a row of richly cushioned seats for the accommodation of passengers who, in case of a great rush of business, cannot be furnished with tickets as fast as they enter. The shade of the upholstery of these seats corresponds with the color of the mahogany furniture. There is seating room for at least thirty-five persons, and should this prove inadequate other mahogany benches have been furnished in rear of the ticket clerks' enclosure.

Behind the counter are the ticket desks and cases. The general ticket case is unusually large. It has space for 60 different forms of coupon tickets, besides space for local tickets to 150 different points on the company's lines. Immediately to the left of this general ticket case is another known as the sleeping-car ticket case. It contains diagrams of the nineteen through sleeping cars which leave daily over the Northwestern lines for the Pacific coast and other points in the north and northwest. At the farther end of the ticket counters are enclosed apartments for the ticket clerks and passenger agents. There are also telephone rooms, containing public and private telephones. The upper portions of the partitions of the various apartments are of beveled chipped glass, the beauty of which adds to the general effect.

At the rear of these ticket clerks' and passenger agents' office and telephone rooms there is a passage leading to the city freight office of the company, directly north of the ticket office, which occupies the building at 210 Clark street. The freight office is fitted in the same style and with the same degree of beauty as the ticket office.

ROOM FOR VISITORS.

Returning to the latter, in the rear

of the passage way are additional spaces for the passenger agents of the road, and in the rear of these is the private office of the city passenger and ticket agent, furnished and finished in the same way as the other offices. One feature of these offices is an entirely new departure in the way of city ticket offices. In the rear of the city passenger and ticket agents' private office a large and commodious room has been reserved for the use of outside patrons of the Northwestern Road who may be visiting Chicago. It is fitted up as a reading room and around the walls are hung files of the leading newspapers of all the important towns of the Northwestern system. This room is also furnished with writing tables, stationery and all the other little conveniences which add to the comfort and enjoyment of visitors. To this room all patrons of the road, whether visitors in Chicago or residents of the city, will always find a cordial welcome, and there they will have an opportunity of consulting a greater number of outside papers than is to be found elsewhere. Adjoining the reading room are handsomely furnished toilet rooms which go to render the entire arrangement complete. In fact, ingenuity and thoughtfulness seem to have been exhausted in the arrangement and furnishing of these offices.

Great attention has been paid to the lighting. During the day a flood of light pours in both from Clark and Adams streets. At the days become shorter and the evening shadows throw their gloom over the scene the earlier sunlight will be supplanted by the rays of numerous clusters of electric incandescent lamps which have been suspended from the ceilings and arranged around the walls. The offices will be kept as brilliant as they are beautiful. They will be maintained in a style which will give the visitors to them from outside the city something to talk about with enthusiasm after they return to their homes.—Chicago Evening Post.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

It Saves the Croupy Children.

SEAVIEW, Va.—We have a splendid sale on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and our customers coming from far and near, speak of it in the highest terms. Many have said that their children would have died of croup if Chamberlain's Cough Remedy had not been given.—KELLMAN & O'BRYEN. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale at the Palace Drug Store.

Sale of Real Estate on Execution.

Notice is hereby given that, by virtue of an execution issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Oneida County, Wis., against the property of Thomas Melbermont and in favor of F. C. Vessey and W. Harkell, as Vessey & Harkell, I will sell, at public auction, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Rhinelander, on the 15th day of October, 1907, at Two o'clock p. m., the following Real Estate, situated in Oneida County, Wisconsin, to-wit:

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STATE OF WISCONSIN.

DEPARTMENT OF THE PUBLIC LANDS.

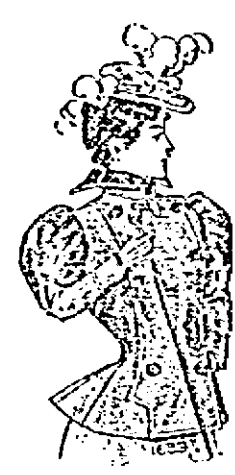
Notice is hereby given that the commissioners of the public lands of the state of Wisconsin, pursuant to chapter 267, laws of 1907, will offer, for sale by single government descriptions of lot or tract, to the highest bidder, over and above the appraised value set by the said act, a certain tract of land, hereinafter described, to-wit:

A certain tract of land, containing 40 acres, more or less, situated in the town of Iron and Village of Viroqua, at the corner house in the city of Rhinelander, on the 15th day of October, 1907, commencing at the southeast corner of the said tract and containing said whole of said lands shall have been offered for sale.

A complete record of reports made by the men employed to inspect these lands under the provisions of chapter 267, laws of 1907, is now open to the inspection of the public at the state land office at Madison, Wisconsin.

A complete list of said lands containing a detailed statement of the amount of each tract, the value of the same, the names of the owners, and the names of the persons to whom the same will be sold will be furnished to intending bidders upon application to Robert W. Ryan, Chief Clerk of the State Land Office at Madison, Wisconsin.

Dated at Madison, Wisconsin, Sept. 9, 1907. HARRY COOPER, Deputy Commissioner. STEWART A. PETERSON, State Treasurer. W. H. MILLER, Attorney General. Commissioners of the Public Lands. 117-10-16-12.



LA Jacket to costs \$5.00 of our ele Wraps?

Children's Jackets, Cap qualities, cuts and color tom on prices was reach away off. Such prices touched us before. out, but all new, unpack and see them before bu

SPAF

"Will you kindly allow me," writes Miss Mary E. Saldit to Mrs. Piskham, "the pleasure of expressing my gratitude for the wonderful relief I have experienced by taking your Compound? I suffered for a long time with nervous prostration and general debility, caused by falling of the womb. It seemed as though my back would never stop aching. I could not sleep. I had dull headaches. I was weary all the time, and life was a burden to me. I sought the seashore for relief, but all in vain. On my return I resolved to give your medicine a trial. I took two bottles and was cured. I can cheerfully state, if more ladies would only give your medicine a fair trial they would bless the day they saw the advertisement, and there would be happier homes. I mean to do all I can for you in the future. I have you alone to thank for my recovery, for which I am very grateful."

—Miss MARY E. SALDIT, Jobstown, N. J.

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ESTEY

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WALKER & WALKER, Attorneys at Law. Office on Davenport Street. Rhinelander, Wis.

PAUL BROWNE, Attorney at Law. Collections a Specialty. Rhinelander, Wis.

A. W. SHELTON, Attorney at Law. Special attention paid to homestead law and contests. Rhinelander.

PHYSICIANS.

T. B. McINDOE, Physician & Surgeon. Office Corner Brown and Davenport Streets. Rhinelander, Wis.

F. L. HINMAN, Physician and Surgeon. Office in Human Building, opp. Post Office. Night Calls answered from residence—Human Building, Davenport St., 2nd floor. Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, of Rhinelander. Capital and Surplus \$50,000. Interest Paid on Time Deposit Bank Corner Davenport and Stevens Streets.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK, Capital \$50,000, Surplus \$30,000. Interest Paid on Time Deposits. Rhinelander, Wis. Brown Street.

JOHN ROSS, Practical Horseshoer AND GENERAL BLACKSMITH

Shoeing horses that interfere or have weak or deformed feet a specialty. A share of your patronage solicited. Shops on King street, opposite Rapids Barn.

I have also opened up my wagon and buggy repair shop where all work in that line will be done neatly at very reasonable prices. Satisfaction guaranteed on all work left in my care.

J. A. WHITING, VETERINARY SURGEON AND DENTIST. Office at Joslin & Chas. A. Library. Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

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GO TO THE DIVIDE RESORT.....

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G. W. BUCK & SON, Prop's.

MANITOWISH, IRON CO., WIS. C. & N. W. Ry.

BOATS, GUIDES, PROVISIONS AND CAMPING OUTFITS

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STAGE ACCOMMODATIONS. Correspondence Solicited.

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By the W. B. Conkey Company, the largest publishers and manufacturers of books in the United States. Finest line of new holiday and other subscription books on the market.

Also agents wanted for "THE SILVER SIDE," the latest and best text-book on the silver question by the great silver leaders.

Exclusive Territory. Largest Territory. Prices Below Competition.

Write at once for circulars and special terms, stating your choice of territory.

W. B. CONKEY COMPANY, 241, 243, 245, 247, 249, 251 Dearborn St. CHICAGO.

A Tragedy ...
... By Telephone.
BY CHAS. FOLEY.

WE HAD HAD to come out of the club together, and so I walked along the boulevard with M. Maroux, a man with a kindly face but marked with an infinite melancholy.

"Will you wait a minute for me?" said I, as we reached the post office. "I wish to go in and telephone."

He started at the last word, and I saw his grip tighten on his cane. When I returned, he still seemed nervous, and to break an uncomfortable silence I made some commonplace remark about what a marvellous invention the telephone was and what inestimable service the progress of science is doing us every day.

"Do you think so?" replied Mr. Maroux, in a tone of bitter irony. "It seems to me, on the contrary, that science, far from aiding us, only emphasizes our human weakness and cruelly multiplies the means that can cause us suffering. But you will understand me better if I give you an example of what I mean from my own experience:

I was spending my autumn vacation with Louise, my wife, and Marcel, my little son, at my country place at Morande, which I had just bought. It was in the country, about three leagues out of Marseilles. Nanette, our old servant, was both housekeeper and cook. Blaise, who was devoted to me, delighted at being once more near the city where his worthy old mother lived, fulfilled the functions of gardener and had his quarters in a detached out-house.

With my gun on my arm and my two dogs at my heels, I used to wander about all day with my wife and baby in that delightful solitude. To make amends for our isolation, I had a telephone line put up to connect with the central office at Marseilles, and by it every evening, as I sat in my bed-chamber, I could learn what had been done during the day at my factory in Paris.

Our peaceful life was interrupted by a notice from my superintendents by making personal application I could probably obtain an important government order. The weather was so fine and Marcel seemed so well that Louise decided to wait for me at Morande. But on the evening of my departure for Paris, the rain fell in torrents. When the hired vehicle arrived before my door, at sight of the immense blackness of the fields and woods I felt a sudden gripping at my heart.

"You will be away only two nights," Louise reassured me. "Nanette will sleep near my room; Blaise has your gun, and from the house where he sleeps he could hear us call; and the dogs are an excellent guard. What could happen to us?"

I kissed Louise and Marcel, and started on my journey. On the train I passed a most uneasy night, and I had no sooner reached Paris than I jumped out of the carriage and hastened to a telephone office. Communication being established, I heard, nasal and muffled, but still very sweet to me, the voice of my wife.

"Hello!" I called. "How did you pass the night, Louise? Were you very frightened?"

"Yes, a little—Nanette especially. We did not get to sleep until almost day-break, because Nanette thought she heard steps in the garden. The dogs, which we had forgotten to untie, had been barking a long time. At last we opened the window and called Blaise. He took the gun, loosed the dogs, and made a tour of the house, but he did not find anything suspicious. Baby, who did not suspect anything, the fine little fellow, has waked up and is calling me. Good-by. If you have a moment before dinner, call me up again."

Only half reassured, I plunged into the business in hand, and was not able to go to the telephone again until after eight o'clock. I had to call a long time.

"Hello, hello!" I called. "Why don't you answer, Louise? What is the matter?"

"Something we did not expect this afternoon. The shutters had been fastened, the dogs untied, and Nanette had put up a bed for Blaise in the hall, in order to save us the terrors of last night, when a boy from the village brought a note for Blaise. His mother has suddenly been taken very ill, and she wanted him to come to her immediately. The boy, whom we had never seen before, went away again as soon as he had delivered the note, without giving us any further information. Blaise, who adores his mother, was quite upset. He did not want to leave us alone before daylight, but his sorrowful face told how dearly the delay would cost him. I thought that if this woman dies to-night, I shall have prevented poor Blaise from receiving her last blessing. So I overcame my scruples and made him go. He promised to return this evening, and to save time he will drive back. I have just bolted the doors after him. That is why I kept you waiting. Now, how is that business affair getting along?"

"Very well, but let us talk about yourself. You should not have let Blaise go. Even if he drives back, he cannot return before ten or eleven o'clock. My sole confidence was in knowing that he was near you, and now he is gone. And then that boy who ran away before you had time to think of making sure his news was true! At any rate, Blaise has left you the two dogs and the gun, has he not?"

"The two dogs are asleep on the porch. As for the gun, Blaise must have left it in the hall. I shall go and make sure. Can you hear Marcel? He is sitting in my lap, and is saying good night to you. Listen!"

"Good night, papa, good night."

"Good night, my darlings. I must get a bite of dinner now, and then I will call you again."

Once outside I felt oppressed with what my wife had just told me. I had dissipated my own anxiety in order not to add to her fears. But that uneasiness, which had hardly been quieted by the first conversation, now waxed stronger at the thought of this strange, incredible letter which had taken away my wife's one defender, the only man in the house. My thoughts took so dark a turn that by the time I reached the hotel, I could not swallow a mouthful. I left the table to return to the telephone office, but my agent found me and laid before me a lot of details which were essential to the success of my venture. I could not dismiss him immediately, and it was late when I reentered the telephone office. My heart throbbed with impatience, and my hand trembled so that I could scarcely hold the receiver to my ear. It was some seconds before I could hear anything.

"Hello, Louise, hello!" I cried. "Are you there? Answer me!"

"At last I heard her voice, but it was low, oppressed, filled with terror.

"Oh, it's you at last! For the last hour I have been nearly crazed. I could not find the gun—that boy must have stolen it when he went away. Blaise has not come back, they must have got him out of the way on purpose. Oh, I am losing my head, I can scarcely breathe for terror—I think I hear—in the garden—far away—Wait while I listen!"

Clutching at the box for support, I could only cry: "Louise, I beg of you, do not leave me in this silence—what do you hear?"

"The dogs are growling—now they are barking—barking furiously. They have run to the bottom of the garden—now, suddenly they are still—there is a deathly silence! But—yes, it sounds like muffled footsteps on the pebbled walk—as if some one were coming toward the house—"

"Go on, speak, Louise! I am straining. I shall go mad! What do you hear?—what do you hear?"

"Nothing, now—almost nothing—yes, there is a gentle, steady grating sound,

TELEPHONE TO MARSEILLES," I SAID.

as if a chisel were being slipped under a shutter to force it—the sash gives way—a window is broken—oh, I am terrified!"

I took the telephone box in my agony. "Telephone to Marseilles," I cried, "to warn the police!"

"How can I?—the city is three leagues away—they would come too late—and I cannot—Oh, I am going mad—"

"Call for help or hide yourself—yes, that's it. Take the little one and hide!"

"I cannot, I have no strength left—they are coming, the stairs creak—they are in the hall—they are feeling along the wall, they try the door—Marcel! My God—help, help—"

There were two muffled cries of terror. Then a vague confused noise. Then a jumble of indefinable sounds, then silence. Something seemed to crack my brain, and I fell unconscious.

Gazing as if he had lived through this terrible scene again, M. Maroux concluded: "From the Gazette Judiciaire you can learn the details of the crime. It is known as 'The Morande Atrocity.' If I lost my wife, my child, and my two servants. But no report can describe, no mere words can ever express, the hideous nightmare that modern science brought me, the frightful torture of a man who, at a distance of a hundred leagues, hears the despairing cries of his wife and son, who are being strangled while he is powerless to do more than batter impatiently on a wooden telephone box."

From the French, in San Francisco Argonaut.

POTTING PLANTS.

Some Points for Those Who Care for Flowers.

The end of August is late enough to get plants for winter blooming. Select young plants—those which have not yet bloomed are the best. Slips of geraniums or begonias which were started early in the summer should now be of sufficient size to put into small pots. It is a great mistake to overpot plants. This overpotting only induces an increased growth of roots at the expense of the leaves and flowers of the plant. A pot three inches in diameter at the top is an average size to use for well-rooted slips. If the roots have become very large and the top growth is small, a portion of the roots should be pruned off. A mixture of common garden soil or loam, peat or black bog earth, sand, decayed leaf-mold and thoroughly rotted manure make the best potting earth. The proportions are four parts leaf-mold, two parts sand, two parts manure, one part loam and one part peat. This proportion is good for geraniums and heliotropes, but many other flowers require a greater proportion of sand, while roses and some other plants require a greater proportion of rotted manure, and the peat may be omitted. Sift the various kinds of soil thoroughly together in an ash sieve, so as to insure their being powdered and well mixed. Put a few small pieces of brick or potsherd in the bottom of the pot with some of the prepared earth, then put in the rooted slip, and pack the prepared earth firmly around it.

Examine all plants at this season to see if they are afflicted with either aphids or plant lice, the scale or the mealy bug. The best remedy for these insects, according to recent authorities, is an infusion of fir-tree oil soap and warm water. Make a strong soap-suds with this soap and warm water and let the affected plants be immersed in it, so as to cover their leaves for five minutes. The new remedy for red spiders is to immerse the plant in water of 120 degrees Fahrenheit for just one minute, take it out, and in five minutes immerse the plant again. A perfectly safe and inexpensive remedy for plant lice is tobacco smoke. Pour a tablespoonful of good smoking tobacco over a red-hot coal laid on a shovel, and set the shovel and plants to be smoked under a barrel, closing all apertures that let out the smoke. In five minutes remove the barrel, and if the work has been successful all plant lice will have shriveled up. It is not as sure as the fir-tree soap.

After carefully potting plants for winter blooming and freeing them from insects immerse them in earth in a shady part of the garden and water them occasionally. Do not allow them to bloom before they are put in the windows. Do not take them into the house until it is necessary to prevent their being frosted. The wood ripens and they will bloom more freely if taken in late.—N. Y. Tribune.

AMERICAN CLOTHES WRINGERS.

Rise of a Familiar Article of Household Use Sold All Over the World.

The first American clothes wringer produced, which was put on the market about 25 years ago, was a substantial and serviceable machine, but its price prevented its coming at once into common use. After some improvements the price was reduced, but it is only within 12 or 15 years that the clothes wringer has come to be the article of common household use that it now is. The present price is about one-fourth of the original price. The present output of American clothes wringers is about 750,000 annually.

Clothes wringers are made with rolls of ten to twenty-four inches in length; wringers larger than that are made to order. Ten, eleven and twelve-inch are the sizes commonly operated by hand, though 14 and even 16-inch wringers are sometimes used in that manner. Larger machines are operated by other power. American clothes wringers are sold in many foreign countries, though in some, owing to natural and other conditions specially affecting the use of such appliances, comparatively few are sold. Thus, while many articles of American manufacture are exported to South American countries, there are not many clothes wringers sold there owing to climatic conditions, which are such in most of the countries that clothes dry quickly there and wringers are not much needed.

Few American wringers are sold in France, where washing is done commonly in wash houses, and few wringers of any kind are used. In Germany, Russia and all the Scandinavian countries and in Great Britain American wringers find a market, and they are sold also in Australia, South Africa and other foreign lands. They cost more than German or British wringers, but they sell in competition with them, as many other manufactured American products do, because of their superiority of workmanship and better adaptability to use.—N. Y. Sun.

Washing Flannels.

Prepare a tub with enough cold water to cover the flannels easily. In this dissolve a tablespoonful of powdered borax and about the same quantity of ivory or any other nice white soap to each pailful of water used. Let the flannels soak in this over night. In the morning rub the flannels out in the hands, rubbing more soap on soiled places, if necessary. Rinse them thoroughly in cold water and hang them out with very slight wringing. Do not iron them.—N. Y. Tribune.

Man's Advantage.

"Want to ride a bicycle, do you?" snapped the old man. "Your mother never went whizzing about on the streets on a wheel."

"Yes," retorted the dutiful daughter, "that is just what ma told me. She says that maybe if she had she would have caught a better-looking man."—Indianapolis Journal.

CURRENT TOPICS.

Cook cat farms are operated near Lewiston, Me.

Education is compulsory in Japan, which has 40,000 comfortable public schools.

CHARLES M. DICKINSON, of New York, has been appointed consul at Constantinople.

THERE are 51 carrier pigeons in the regular service of the United States government.

A PENNSYLVANIA cow recently gave birth to five calves, of which two are living and thriving.

In a season of about 11 weeks \$50,000 worth of blueberries were sold in Marquette county, Mich.

ONE Manchester (N. Y.) textile mill that resumed operation a few days ago employs 6,500 people.

TENNA CORRA sleepers are used on Japanese railways. They cost more, but are indestructible.

A JESSAY lady unable to attend church receives the benefit of sermons and singing by telephone.

WHITE birds fair to become a feature of both fall and winter gowns; some touch, at least, being held essential to distinction.

In England, where the engineers have been on a strike for some time, not a single injunction has been issued against them.

KNOXVILLE council invites northern U. C. T.'s to participate in that city's annual street fair and carnival, to be held October 12 to 15.

A HUNGARIAN farmer of Keerville, La., has invented a machine which, it is said, will brush away all kinds of insects from cotton plants.

ALPHONSE DARTREY has decided to keep back a realistic novel drawn from life, which he has just finished, until the original of the hero dies.

THE British government is preparing to send fresh troops to India. It is thought the government is in possession of information of a serious character.

ONE young British nobleman is a groom in a Johannesburg livery stable, while a duke's brother-in-law is bossing a gang of blacks in a mine outside the town.

YEARS ago Prince Bismarck used to spell his name without the "e." The present spelling does away with monetary significance of the name Bismarck—two marks.

GLASS manufacturers of Kokomo, Ind., have begun to draw on the sand banks of the lake shore about St. Joseph, Mich., for white sand at the rate of from five to ten car loads per day.

The emperor and empress of Japan and their chief officials and nobles are greatly interested in and have subscribed liberally toward the Women's university at Tokyo, which is to cost \$175,000.

H. F. VACORN, a Philadelphia millionaire, is just completing one of the finest hunters' lodges in one of the finest game parks in the United States, on north Elk creek, a few miles from White river, Col.

A MAN employed at the sewage farm at Hatchworth in Hertfordshire asserts that quite recently, when working on his farm, he has often seen an old blind cat carrying a piece of stick in its mouth, with two other younger rats leading it about with one end of the stick also in their mouths.

A CONNECTICUT farmer has a rival to the unicorn in a colt provided with a pair of hard, clean horns immediately between the ears, which horns it uses readily if provoked. A deep crease extends through the hoof from the coronet to the tip of the toe, and its movements are bovine rather than equine.

QUEEN VICTORIA is to have a new yacht within two years. It will cost \$1,500,000, and will be the most luxurious craft afloat. Other European sovereigns use war vessels for pleasure trips. Queen Victoria's yacht will be built after designs submitted to her, and will have guns only for firing salutes.

AMERICAN turkeys, either from Canada or the states, are preferred by the British to continental birds, their flesh being considered whiter, sweeter and higher flavored, and are in demand from the middle of November to April. At Christmas large cock turkeys sell well, but at other times birds ranging from 8 to 12 pounds are preferred.

GEORGE, the coachman who heroically aided in saving life at the burning of the Bazaar de la Charite, in Paris, has been decorated with the cross of the Legion of Honor, and has been given a position by the government. He also received \$20,000 from the family of his mistress, whom he had saved by carrying her from the burning building.

THE city council of Zurich, Switzerland, has ordered that there be posted in every street car on the municipal lines the following notice: "Women have the first right to the seats in the interior of this car." Heretofore when a man has offered his seat to a woman it has been regarded by her as an insulting familiarity, and it is predicted by the Swiss and German newspapers that the attempt to enforce this ordinance will encounter obstacles from the women themselves.

A Good Boy.

"Why are you decorating, Mrs. Murphy?" "Ye be! (they) is coming home the day." "I thought he was sent up for five years." "Yes, but he got a year off for good behavior." "Sure, it must be comfortin' for yer to have a good boy like that."—Tit Bits.

Boredom (promptly).—"My wife knows me good right regularly." Bouncer (lightly).—"Women are suspicious creatures, ain't they?"—Boston Herald.

An Expensive Devine Habit.

Among the number of Baltimore fresh air food children who passed through Washington a few days ago, bound for the cool hill country of Virginia, there was one little fellow who found the very best quarters in a hospitable farmhouse at Mount Royal. When the cows came up in the evening to be milked, so a friend down there writes me, the little Baltimore boy went down to the barnyard with his host to see the operation. The cows were standing about placidly, and, as is their custom at that time of the day, were contentedly chewing the cud. The boy watched the milkmaids at work and his eyes dwelt with growing wonder on the revealing grind of the cows' jaws. At length he turned to his host and said: "And do you have to buy gum for all them cows?"—Washington Post.

The Blues.

This is a synonym for that gloomy, harassed condition of the mind which has its origin in dyspepsia. All the only spirits that, under the name of the "blues," "blue devils," "melancholia" and "mulligruhs" torment the dyspeptic almost ceaselessly, vanish when attacked with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, that, moreover, annihilates biliousness, constipation, chills and fever, kidney complaints and nervousness.

Beginning Early.

Teacher—Now, children, can any of you define the word sarcasm? No? Well, it means saying one thing and meaning the reverse of it. Can anybody give me an example of that? Little Willie—Yeth, I kin. "Well, Willie, you give me an example of sarcasm, then, showing you mean just the opposite of what you say." "Dod bless teacher."—N. Y. World.

Using a Word.

"My child, what made your face so dirty?" "That Billy Hoolkins an' I had a fight, an' he throwed some dirt in my face than I could digest, mamma."—Judge.

Star Plug Combines All Good Qualities.

All the desirable qualities you want in tobacco are found in Star plug to a special degree. Its constant use produces no evil effects.

They Usually Are.

"Was the count embarrassed when he proposed to you?" "Certainly—financially."—N. Y. Journal.

Fits stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free trial bottle and treatise. Dr. Kline, 933 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Clerk—"You say you will take this ham, miss? Sure—Yes, but I want two of them." Clerk—"Very well, madam."—Life.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has saved many a doctor's bill.—S. F. Hardy, Hopkins Place, Baltimore, Md., Dec. 2, '91.

When a man is always prepared to prove everything he says, it may be because his statements need it.—Washington Democrat.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

There is probably nothing in this world as variable as the stories of a quarrel told by each side.—Washington Democrat.

We often wonder why so many people tell the same story so many times.—Washington Democrat.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is taken internally. Price 75c.

It is doubtful honor to be fondled by curs.—Ham's Horn.

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

A New Jersey Woman Expresses Her Gratitude to Mrs. Pinkham for Relief.

"Will you kindly allow me," writes Miss Mary E. Sault to Mrs. Pinkham, "the pleasure of expressing my gratitude for the wonderful relief I have experienced by taking your Compound? I suffered for a long time with nervous prostration and general debility, caused by falling of the womb. It seemed as though my back would never stop aching. I could not sleep. I had dull headaches. I was weary all the time, and life was a burden to me. I sought the seashore for relief, but all in vain. On my return I resolved to give your medicine a trial. I took two bottles and was cured. I can cheerfully state, if more ladies would only give your medicine a fair trial they would bless the day they saw the advertisement, and there would be happier homes. I mean to do all I can for you in the future. I have you alone to thank for my recovery, for which I am very grateful."

—Miss MARY E. SAULT, Jobstown, N. J.

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The woman pinned down

to one or two uses of Pearlina (or any) will have to be talked to. Why is she throwing away all the gain and help that she can get from it in other ways? If you have proved to yourself that Pearlina washes clothes, for instance, in the easiest, quickest, safest way; you ought to be ready to believe that Pearlina (or any) is the best for washing and cleaning everything, and that's the truth, anyway. Try it and see. Into every drop of water, that's to be used, for, cleaning anything, put some Pearlina.

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